Consumer Guide

1035 Tax Free

Exchange

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1035 EXCHANGE

Annuity

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WHAT IS A 1035 TAX FREE EXCHANGE?

A **Section 1035** exchange refers to a provision in the U.S. Internal Revenue Code (Section 1035) that allows for the tax-free exchange of certain insurance policies and annuity contracts. This provision enables policyholders to exchange an existing life insurance policy, endowment policy, or annuity contract for a new one without incurring any immediate tax consequences.

The primary purpose of a 1035 exchange is to provide flexibility for policyholders who want to make changes to their insurance or annuity coverage without triggering a taxable event. It's important to note that the tax deferral is not permanent; it simply allows for the transfer of funds from one contract to another without recognizing any gain or loss at the time of the exchange.

Here are some key points to consider regarding 1035 exchanges:

- 1. **Like-to-Like Exchange:** The exchange must generally be "like-to-like," meaning the new policy or contract must be of the same type as the old one. For example, a life insurance policy can be exchanged for another life insurance policy.
- 2. **No Cash Surrender:** The funds from the old policy must be directly transferred to the new policy or annuity. If the policyholder receives cash or any other form of payment, the exchange may be considered a taxable event.
- 3. **Same Insured:** The insured individual on the new policy must be the same as the insured on the old policy. This requirement helps ensure that the tax benefits are maintained.
- 4. **Timing:** The exchange must be completed within a certain timeframe to qualify for tax deferral. Generally, this involves surrendering the old policy and applying the cash value to the new policy.

It's essential to consult with a tax advisor or financial professional when considering a 1035 exchange, as there are specific rules and requirements that must be followed to ensure that the transaction qualifies for tax-free treatment. Additionally, individual circumstances may vary, and tax laws can change, so professional guidance is crucial to making informed decisions.

How can you use 1035 exchange to fund a long-term care insurance policy?

Using a 1035 exchange to fund a long-term care insurance policy involves transferring funds from an existing life insurance or annuity policy to a new long-term care insurance policy without incurring immediate tax consequences. Here's a general overview of the steps involved:

1. Evaluate Your Existing Policy:

- Determine whether your current life insurance or annuity policy is eligible for a 1035 exchange.
- Ensure that the policy has a cash value component, as this is what you would be transferring to the new long-term care insurance policy.

2. Select a Suitable Long-Term Care Insurance Policy:

• Identify a long-term care insurance policy that meets your current needs and goals. This could be a standalone long-term care insurance policy or a hybrid policy that combines long-term care coverage with life insurance or an annuity.

3. Consult with Professionals:

 Seek guidance from insurance professionals, financial advisors, and tax experts. They can help you understand the implications of the exchange, ensure that it aligns with your financial goals, and guide you through the process.

4. Initiate the 1035 Exchange:

- Contact the insurance companies involved to initiate the 1035 exchange process. This
 typically involves paperwork and coordination between the companies.
- The funds from the existing policy are transferred directly to the new long-term care insurance policy. It's important to emphasize that the funds should not be distributed to you personally, as this could trigger taxable events.

5. Ensure Compliance with 1035 Exchange Rules:

 Adhere to the specific rules and requirements outlined in Section 1035 of the Internal Revenue Code. This includes completing the exchange within the designated timeframe and ensuring that the new policy is of the same "type" as the old policy.

6. Review the New Policy:

• Carefully review the terms and conditions of the new long-term care insurance policy to make sure it aligns with your long-term care needs and financial situation.

7. Monitor Tax Implications:

 While the exchange itself is tax-free, it's essential to understand any potential tax consequences in the future, such as when benefits are paid out. Consult with tax professionals to ensure you are well-informed about the tax implications of the new policy.

It's crucial to note that the availability of 1035 exchanges for long-term care insurance can depend on the policies and regulations of the insurance companies involved and may also be subject to changes in tax laws. Therefore, seeking professional advice and staying updated on relevant regulations is highly recommended.

CASE STUDY

Case Study: The Smith Family

Background: John and Mary Smith, both in their early 60s, have a life insurance policy that they purchased several years ago. They are concerned about the rising costs of long-term care and are exploring options to enhance their financial preparedness for potential long-term care needs.

Current Situation:

- **Life Insurance Policy:** The Smiths own a cash-value life insurance policy with a significant amount of accumulated cash value.
- **Concerns:** They are worried about the potential financial impact of long-term care expenses and are considering purchasing a long-term care insurance policy to provide additional coverage.

Objectives:

- **Preserve Cash Value:** The Smiths want to preserve the cash value of their existing life insurance policy.
- **Long-Term Care Coverage:** They wish to secure a long-term care insurance policy to help cover potential future expenses.
- **Tax Efficiency:** They want to explore tax-efficient options to fund the long-term care insurance.

Strategy:

1. Policy Review:

• The Smiths consult with their insurance and financial advisor to review the terms and conditions of their current life insurance policy.

2. Identify Long-Term Care Policy:

• With the guidance of their advisor, the Smiths select a suitable long-term care insurance policy that aligns with their needs and goals.

3. 1035 Exchange Initiation:

• The advisor assists the Smiths in initiating a 1035 exchange, facilitating the direct transfer of the cash value from their existing life insurance policy to the new long-term care insurance policy.

4. Paperwork and Coordination:

• The insurance companies involved coordinate the paperwork and logistics of the exchange, ensuring compliance with 1035 exchange rules.

5. New Long-Term Care Policy:

 The Smiths now have a long-term care insurance policy funded by the cash value from their original life insurance policy. The new policy provides coverage for potential longterm care expenses.

6. Tax Considerations:

 The Smiths work with their tax advisor to understand the tax implications of the exchange. While the 1035 exchange itself is tax-free, they are informed about any potential tax consequences in the future, especially when receiving long-term care benefits.

Benefits:

- **Preservation of Cash Value:** The Smiths maintain the cash value from their original policy and put it to use for their long-term care needs.
- **Long-Term Care Coverage:** They now have additional financial protection against long-term care expenses.
- **Tax Efficiency:** The 1035 exchange allows them to make this transition in a tax-efficient manner.

It's important to note that individual circumstances can vary, and the decision to use a 1035 exchange for funding long-term care insurance should be made in consultation with qualified insurance and financial professionals who can provide personalized advice based on the specific needs and goals of the individuals involved.

WHAT ARE THE TYPICAL TYPES OF INSURANCE POLICIES USED FOR STATE PARTNERSHIP LONG TERM CARE?

State Partnership Long-Term Care Insurance typically involves policies that adhere to specific guidelines set by the participating state and meet certain criteria to qualify for the benefits of the State Partnership Program. The types of insurance policies commonly used for State Partnership Long-Term Care coverage include:

1. Traditional Long-Term Care Insurance:

- **Features:** These policies provide coverage for a range of long-term care services, including nursing home care, assisted living, and home healthcare.
- **Benefits:** Traditional long-term care insurance policies offer flexibility in choosing care settings and may provide daily or monthly benefit amounts to cover expenses.

2. Hybrid or Linked Benefit Policies:

- Features: These are life insurance or annuity policies with a long-term care insurance rider. They combine the benefits of life insurance or annuities with long-term care coverage.
- **Benefits:** If the policyholder requires long-term care, the long-term care rider allows for the acceleration of the death benefit or annuity cash value to cover the costs of care.

3. Combination or Asset-Based Long-Term Care Policies:

- **Features:** Similar to hybrid policies, these combine long-term care coverage with another financial product, such as a whole life insurance policy or an annuity.
- **Benefits:** Policyholders can access the long-term care benefits if needed, and if not used, there is a death benefit or annuity value payable to beneficiaries.

4. Partnership-Qualified Policies:

- **Features:** These are traditional long-term care insurance policies that meet the specific criteria outlined by the State Partnership Program.
- **Benefits:** Policyholders can access the asset protection feature, allowing them to retain a certain amount of assets if they exhaust their long-term care insurance benefits and need to qualify for Medicaid.

5. Policies with Inflation Protection:

- **Features:** Many long-term care insurance policies, including those under State Partnership Programs, offer inflation protection options. This helps to address the rising costs of long-term care services over time.
- **Benefits:** Inflation protection ensures that the policy's benefit amount increases annually to keep pace with the increasing costs of long-term care.

Selecting a Qualified Professional

Selecting a qualified insurance professional to help you navigate 1035 Tax Free Exchange Insurance it is crucial for making informed decisions and choosing a policy that meets your needs. Here are key considerations when selecting an insurance professional:

1. Licensing and Credentials:

- Ensure that the insurance professional is licensed to sell insurance in your state. You can verify their licensing status through your state's insurance department.
- Look for industry certifications such as Certified Long-Term Care (CLTC), LTCP or Chartered Financial Consultant (ChFC), which indicate additional expertise in long-term care planning.

2. Experience with Long-Term Care Insurance:

Choose a professional with experience in the long-term care insurance market.
 Longevity in the industry often indicates a deeper understanding of the complexities of long-term care planning.

3. Knowledge of State Partnership Programs:

- Given the specific features and regulations of State Partnership Long-Term Care Insurance, ensure that the insurance professional is well-versed in the details of your state's program.
- They should be able to explain how the State Partnership Program works, including the asset protection benefits and how they interact with Medicaid.

4. Client References and Reviews:

• Ask for references from clients who have purchased long-term care insurance through the professional. Hearing about others' experiences can provide insights into the agent's effectiveness and customer service.

5. Independence and Product Options:

• Consider working with an independent insurance professional who can offer a variety of long-term care insurance products from different carriers. This allows for a more tailored approach to your specific needs and preferences.

6. Communication Style:

• Choose an insurance professional who communicates clearly and is willing to take the time to answer your questions. Long-term care insurance is a significant financial decision, and you should feel comfortable with your agent.

7. Financial Stability of Insurance Companies:

• Inquire about the financial stability and ratings of the insurance companies the professional represents. A financially stable company is more likely to fulfill its commitments over the long term.

8. Fee Structure and Transparency:

- Understand the agent's fee structure. In many cases, insurance professionals are compensated by the insurance companies, but it's essential to have a clear understanding of any fees or commissions.
- Transparency is crucial, and a reputable agent will be upfront about how they are compensated.

9. **Continuing Education:**

• Long-term care insurance is a dynamic field with evolving products and regulations. Choose an insurance professional who invests in continuing education to stay up-to-date with industry changes.

10. Alignment with Your Goals:

• Ensure that the insurance professional takes the time to understand your financial goals, concerns, and preferences. They should be able to recommend policies that align with your unique situation.

Before making any decisions, it's wise to meet with multiple insurance professionals, ask questions, and carefully review any proposed policies. A well-informed decision can help provide financial security in the event of long-term care needs.

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